

# NYSDEC Upper Hudson River Data Collection

**Hudson River Community Advisory Group** 

# 2017 DEC Sampling Program



## **Scope of Sampling Program**

- Sediment sampling and fish sampling performed:
  - Sediment 1678 locations attempted, 1156 samples collected.
  - Fish 232 samples collected



# Basis for 2017 DEC Surface Sediment Sampling Program

- Intended as an element of the long term monitoring program
- Difference in data quality objectives:
  - Greater spatial resolution "pool by pool" vs. River Section
  - Greater temporal resolution 5 years vs. 10 years



# Basis for 2017 DEC Surface Sediment Sampling Program

- Provide a robust data set of a reproduceable metric to represent change in sediment PCB concentrations over time.
- Metric chosen: Total PCB in 0-2" surface sediment grab samples (also used by GE/EPA).
- Gather sufficient data to evaluate the temporal and spatial trends in surface sediment PCB concentration.
- Temporal Resolution Achieve assumed 8% annual decline in five years?

- "The number of samples sufficient to achieve defined statistical objectives was determined using statistical design objectives specified by NYSDEC. The specific statistical design objectives included:
- (1) the ability to detect an 8% annual decline in mean sediment total PCB concentrations within a given reach between two consecutive 5-year monitoring periods with a statistical power of 80% at the 95% confidence level, and
- (2) the ability to determine the arithmetic mean PCB concentration for each reach with a relative error no greater than 20%."



Table 3-1 Sediment Analytical Summary Statistics by Reach Hudson River PCB Sediments Site OU-2, New York

			Frequency of	Frequency of Non-	Detected Concentrations (mg/kg)		
Location	Analyte	Counts	Detect	detect	Minimum	Average	Maximum
Reach 8	Total Organic Carbon	211	211	0	496	9,410	77,900
	Total PCB Aroclors	211	187	24	0.0187	1.69	23.1
	Total PCB Congener	21	21	0	0.0386	3.27	42.5
Reach 7	Total Organic Carbon	90	90	0	701	12,100	61,900
	Total PCB Aroclors	90	87	3	0.0297	5.20	60.9
	Total PCB Congener	10	10	0	0.0890	8.52	24.2
Reach 6	Total Organic Carbon	79	79	0	826	18,200	53,000
	Total PCB Aroclors	79	78	1	0.161	2.40	19.1
	Total PCB Congener	7	7	0	1.37	2.70	5.88
Reach 5	Total Organic Carbon	242	242	0	656	14,300	51,900
	Total PCB Aroclors	242	236	6	0.0072	1.29	11.6
	Total PCB Congener	25	25	0	0.136	1.42	4.91
Reach 4	Total Organic Carbon	238	238	0	1,590	19,200	90,500
	Total PCB Aroclors	238	199	39	0.0218	1.66	67.1
	Total PCB Congener	21	21	0	0.0160	1.34	3.80
Reach 3	Total Organic Carbon	108	108	0	1,200	13,900	43,700
	Total PCB Aroclors	108	103	5	0.038	2.23	39.8
	Total PCB Congener	12	12	0	0.0560	1.95	8.11
Reach 2	Total Organic Carbon	69	69	0	1,460	8,620	24,700
	Total PCB Aroclors	69	63	6	0.0294	0.499	2.36
	Total PCB Congener	7	7	0	0.150	0.356	0.532
Reach 1	Total Organic Carbon	116	116	0	931	8,310	38,100
	Total PCB Aroclors	116	109	7	0.0218	0.745	15.4
	Total PCB Congener	12	12	0	0.0324	0.511	2.56
Old Champlain	Total Organic Carbon	9	9	0	33,600	52,900	66,400
Canal	Total PCB Aroclors	9	9	0	0.0874	8.69	50.1

Notes:

Statistics are based on detected results only and do not include field duplicates.

mg/kg: milligrams per kilogram

PCB: polychlorinated biphenyl

TOC: total organic carbon

Minimum, Maximum, and Average TPCB and TOC by river reach in 2017 DEC data set.

High mean PCB and variance in Reach 4 due to a single possible outlier in the data set.



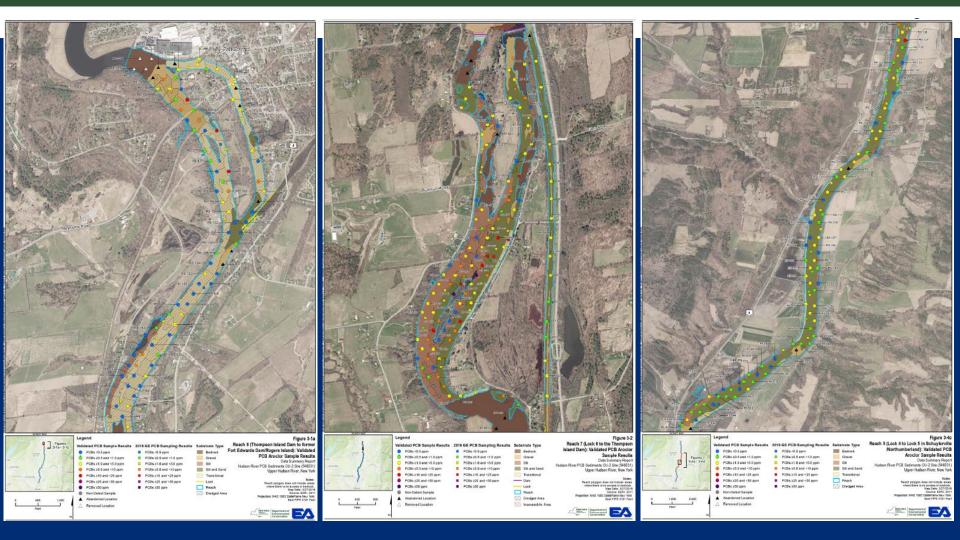
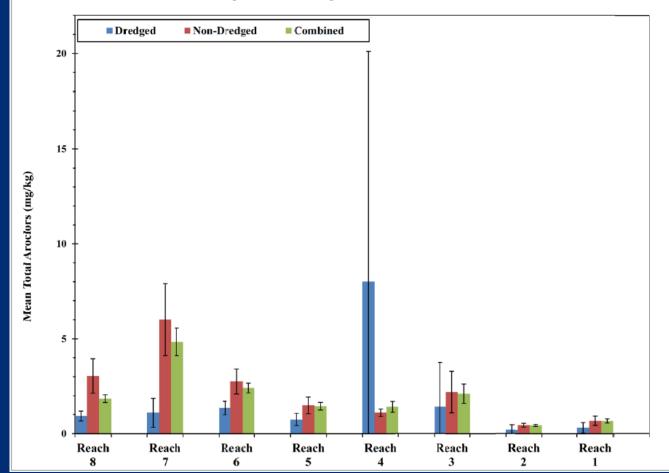


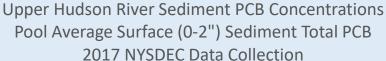
Figure 4-1 Mean Concentrations of Total Aroclors in Recoverable Sediment by Reach and Dredged vs. Non-Dredged. Error bars represent  $\pm\,2$  standard errors of the mean.

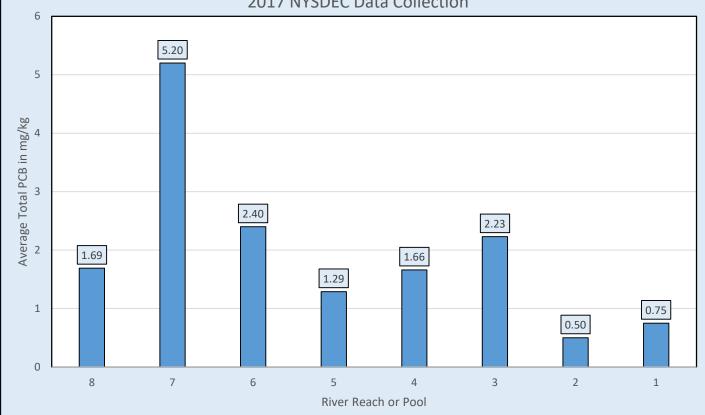


Average TPCB by river reach in 2017

Note differences pool by pool; outcome of remedy varies spatially.



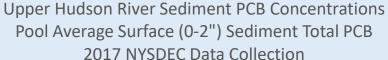


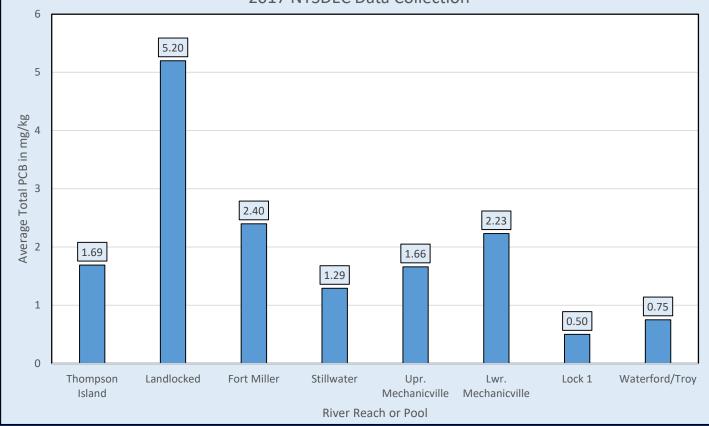


Average TPCB by river reach in 2017

Overall Pool Average Total PCB





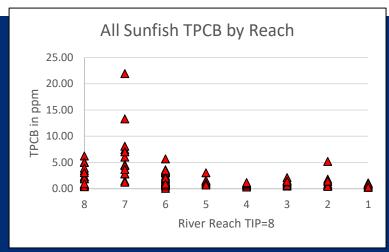


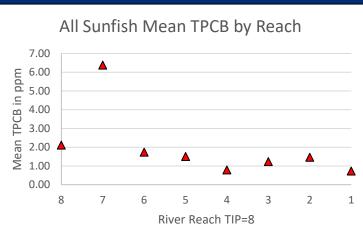


## 2017 DEC Fall Fish Sampling

- DEC also conducted fish sampling in the fall of 2017.
- Sampling was performed in each pool of the upper Hudson for the first time.
- Fall sampling forage fish and small sunfish.



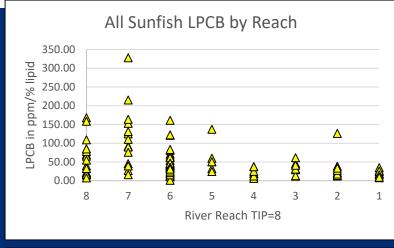


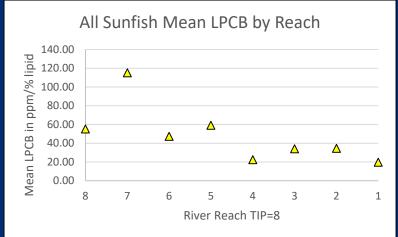


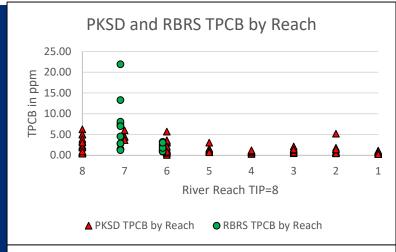
Sunfish collected by size to target young of year.

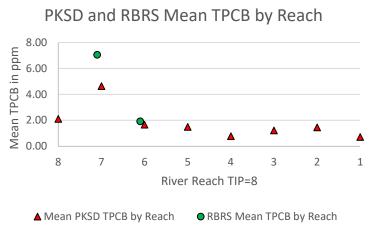
TPCB = Total PCB

LPCB = Lipid Based PCB



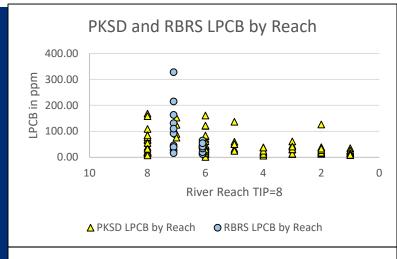


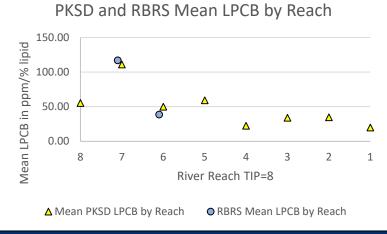




PKSD = Pumpkinseed

RBRS = Redbreast Sunfish





#### **Observations**

- Average surface sediment Total PCB concentrations vary on a pool by pool basis by an order of magnitude (0.5 mg/kg in Reach 2 vs. 5.2 mg/kg in Reach 7).
- Surface sediment PCBs are representative of continuing sediment sources to water column and to biota.
- More data are needed to quantify the rate of change in surface sediment PCB concentrations to evaluate remedy performance.



#### **Thank You**

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#### **Available Fish Data**

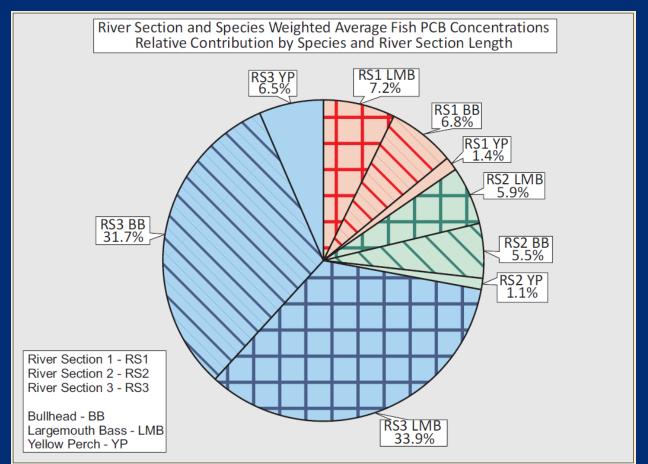
- The project baseline period was 2004 to 2008.
- Dredging began in 2009, and was completed in 2015.
- For areas dredged in Phase 1, there are eight years of post dredging data available.
- For other areas, there are two to seven years of data available.



### **EPA ROD Objectives – PCBs in Fish**

The primary remedy performance metric established by EPA in the 2002 Record of Decision (ROD) for the Hudson River PCBs Site is a Species and River Section Length Weighted Average Total PCB concentration in fish.

The Remedial Action Objectives (RAOs) in the ROD included specific time frames to achieve quantitative target concentrations using this metric – 0.4 parts per million (ppm) five years after dredging, and 0.2 ppm sixteen years after dredging.







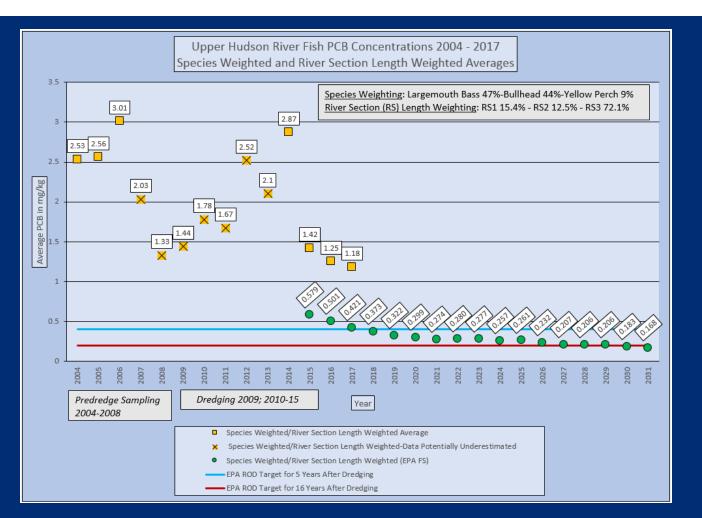
Department of Environmental Conservation

## **Available Fish Data vs. ROD Targets**

By comparing the post-dredging fish PCB concentrations to those anticipated by EPA, and to the targets established in the ROD, remedy performance can be assessed.

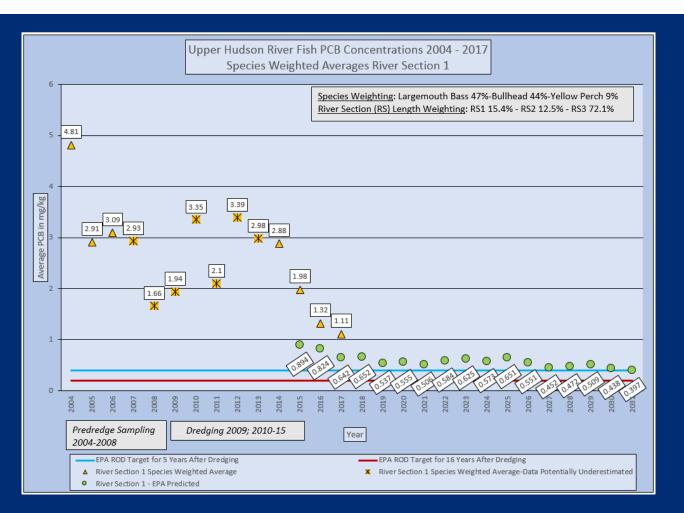
The changes in fish PCB concentrations at individual stations can also be assessed to determine if the rates of decline are steady post dredging, or if they are slowing over time.





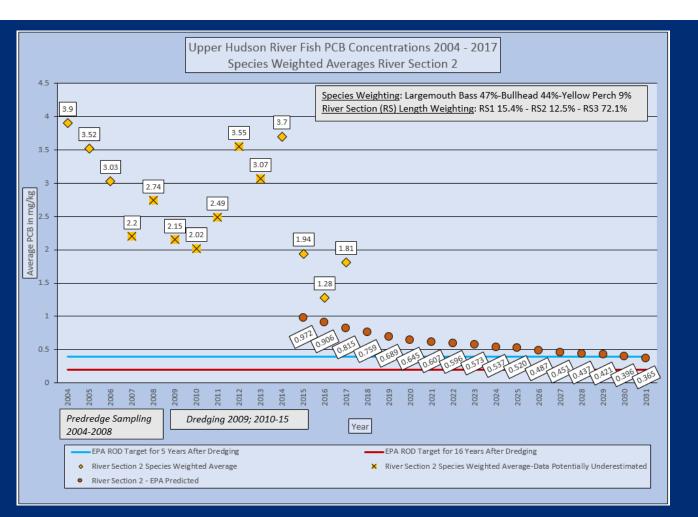
The overall weighted average fish PCB concentration is ~ 3X the target to be reached in 2020.





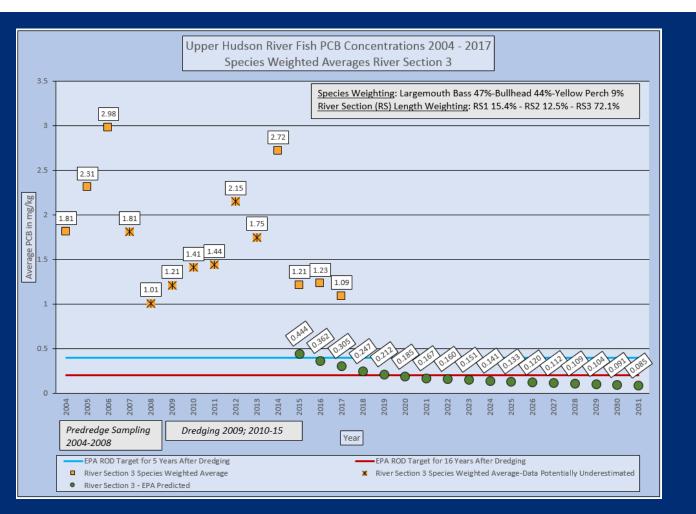
In River Section 1 (~ 15% of the upper Hudson) the river-wide target may be reached in 2020.





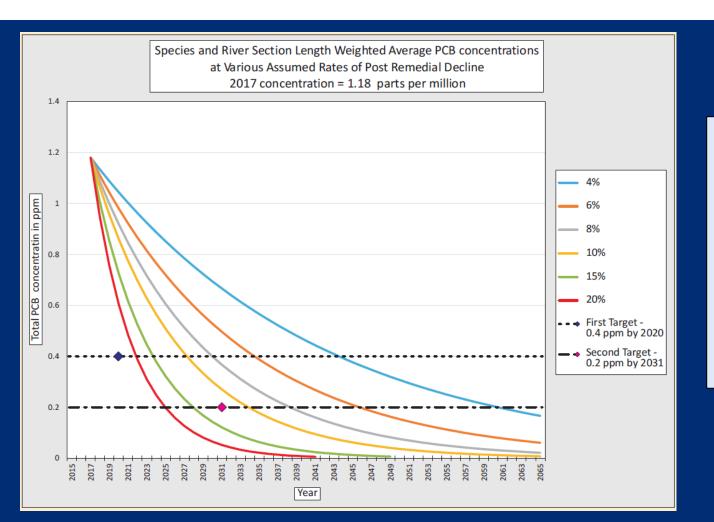
In River Section 2 (~ 12% of the upper Hudson) fish PCB concentrations remain > 3X the river wide target, with little apparent ongoing downward trend.





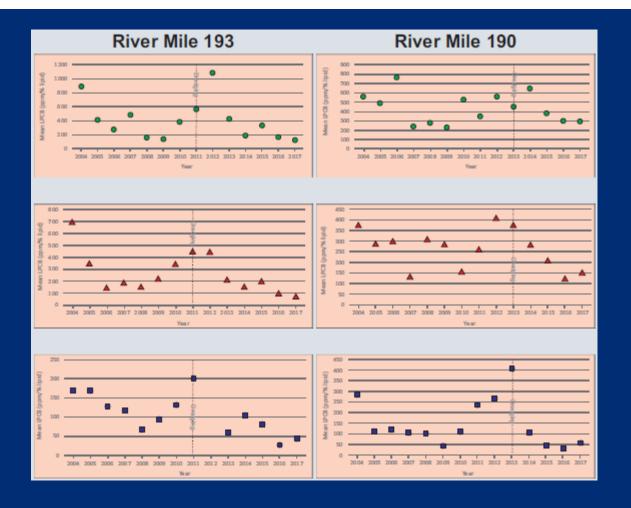
In River Section 3 (~ 72% of the upper Hudson) fish PCB concentrations remain > 3X the river wide target (to have been reached here immediately after dredging), with little apparent ongoing downward trend.





The rates of decline would need to exceed 20% per year to achieve the first target, and exceed 10% per year to achieve the second target.





Four to eight years of post dredging data are available for River Section 1.

The rates of decline appears to be slowing in this River Section.

(Lipid normalized data shown)

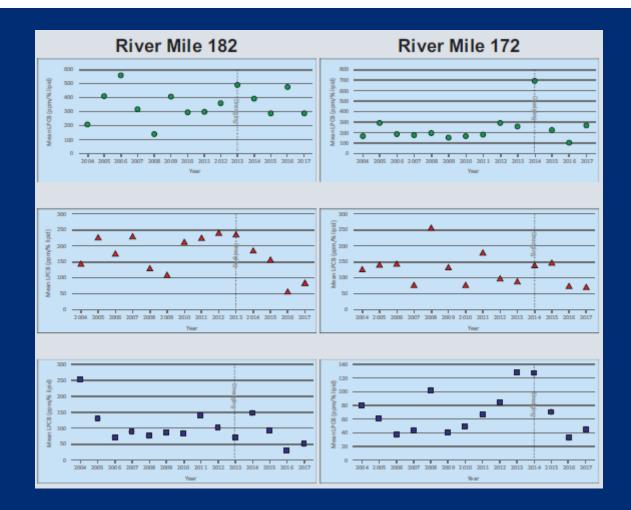




In River Section 2, two to four years of data are available.

The rates of decline also appears to be slowing in this River Section.





In River Section 3, two to four years of post dredging data are available.

Some stations show little appreciable change from before dredging, with slowing decline rates elsewhere.



#### Current DEC Assessment - Fish PCB Data

The fish PCB concentrations in the upper Hudson do not appear to have declined as predicted by EPA in the ROD.

To achieve the RAOs for the site, the rate of decline would need to exceed 20% per year to reach the five year target of 0.4 ppm by 2020, and exceed 10% per year to reach the 16 year target of 0.2 ppm by 2031.

